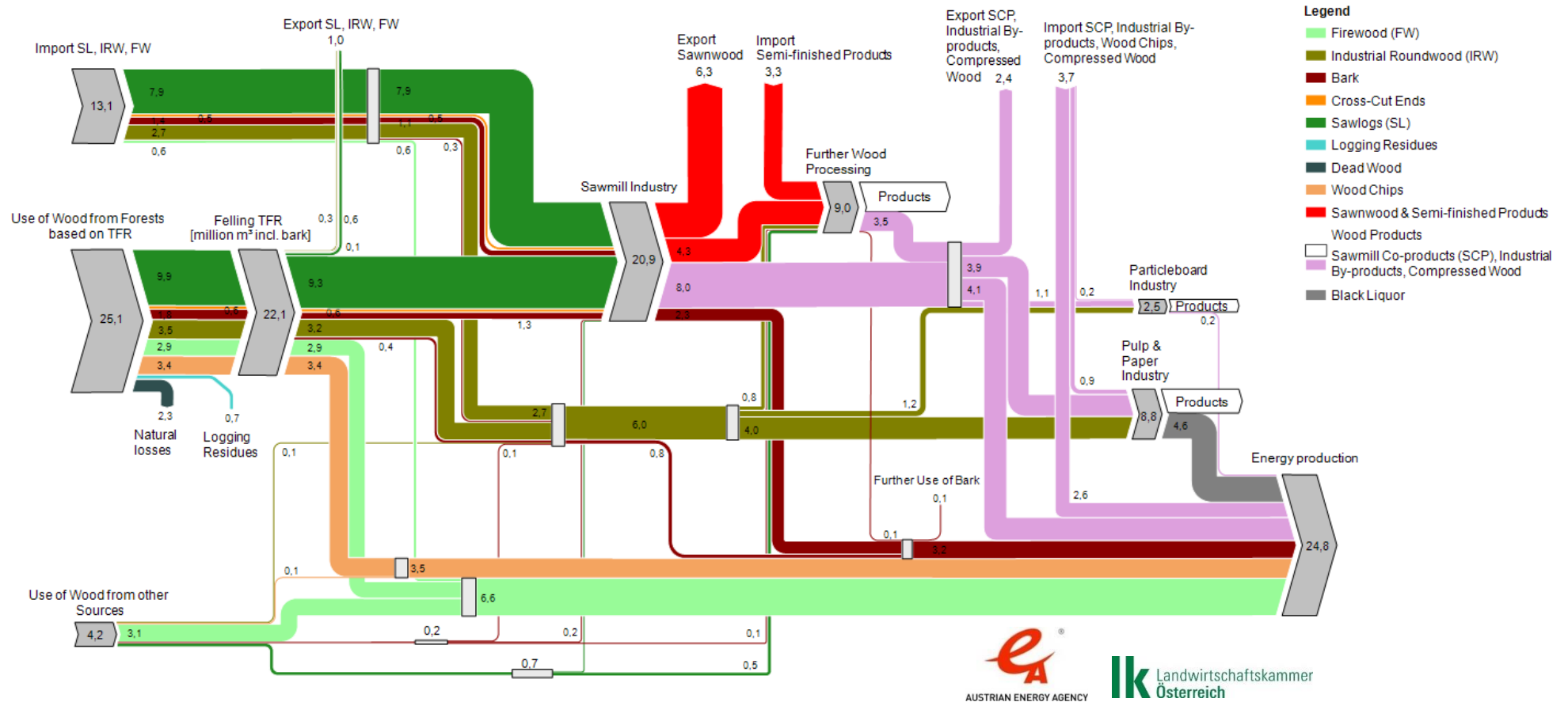


Wood Flows in Austria



General Remarks on the Presentation of the “Wood Flows in Austria”

More information concerning this presentation is included in the accompanying description, which can be downloaded together with the illustration from klimaaktiv.at/energieholz.

Short Description

For reasons of representability the Woodflow assumes that saw logs gained from the Timber Felling Report (TFR) and from imports are exclusively processed in the sawmill industries, and does not include the share originating from “further wood processing” (e.g. from veneer mills). In addition, it should be noted that industrial round wood (as defined in the TFR) is also processed to some extent in the sawmill industry. The use of domestic semi-finished products (e.g. products of the panel board industry) is not shown in “further wood processing”. This illustration of the “Wood Flows in Austria” takes into account the conversion factors for wood fuel assortments, which were established in consultation with key stakeholders.

Wood Assortments

Name	Description
Sawlogs (SL)	Timber used in the sawmill industry. Additional quantities of saw logs can be traced in “further wood processing”.
Cross-Cut Ends	The standard excess length and quality deductions of saw logs in commercial use; It is estimated based on samples and reference values of the Austrian Forest Inventory.
Bark	The bark from SL and IRW is plotted as a separate stream due to debarking at the production sites. Contrastingly firewood and Wood Chips are plotted with included bark.
Industrial Roundwood (IRW)	Timber used in the paper and pulp industry, as well as in the particle board and fibre board industry. Additional quantities of IRW can also be found in “further wood processing”.
Firewood (FW) incl. Bark	Designated by the TFR as timber used for the purpose of fuel wood and energetic purposes in log wood boilers. The flow of fuel wood is displayed including bark in line with common practice.
Wood Chips	Wood chips are acquired from the forest and other sources, and are used for energy purposes.
Logging Residues	The residual biomass in the course of harvest.
Dead Wood, etc.	Description of dead trees due to natural die-off.
Sawnwood & Semi-finished Products	Products of the sawmill industry including exports and imported semi-finished products such as sawn timber, particle boards, fibre boards, planed products and plywood.
Sawmill Co-products (SCP), Industrial By-products, Compressed Wood	Wood shavings, wood chips, edgings, slabs, briquettes, pellets, etc.
Wood Products	Various products of the wood processing industry, such as doors, furniture, floors, bridges, roofing, shuttering boards, timber, etc.
Black Liquor	Residual lye from the production of pulp that can be used for producing energy.

Nodes

Name	Description
Felling TFR	The Timber Felling Report provides the total commercial amount of timber harvested in Austria, excluding bark. Apart from cross-cut ends, the node also displays the share of bark (m ³ incl. bark). By further considering natural die-offs and logging residues, we can derive the "Use of Wood Based on Timber Felling Report" in m ³ .
Use of Wood from Forests and other Sources	Is that portion of timber available on the market that is not represented by imports, nor is it recognised in the TFR, but can be calculated as the difference to consumer demand (sawmills, panel and paper industry, wood processing, energy production). Sources for this volume include quantities from smaller forests, waste wood, copse and landscape care wood.
Further Wood Processing	This includes wood processing facilities (e.g. carpentry, joinery, furniture and veneer mills) that consume sawn timber, semi-finished products as well as saw logs, and produce both intermediate and final products. The by-products are used for industrial and energy purposes. Other examples include the torrent and avalanche control, road authorities and the agriculture and forestry.
Energy Production	In this node wood assortments are combined which are used in the production of energy (CHP-facilities, woodchip-, pellet-, briquette- and firewood boilers).

Sources

For the creation of this illustration data from various sources was used, such as the Federal Ministry for Climate Action, Environment, Energy, Mobility, Innovation and Technology (BMK), the cooperation platform Forest Wood Paper (FHP), the Federal Research and Training Centre for Forests, Natural Hazards and Landscape (BFW), the Statistics Austria and own calculations by the Austrian Energy Agency and the Austrian Chamber of Agriculture.

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